

**Copper at Surface – Scale Below.** Copper-rich rock sample from Copper Quest's flagship Stars Project in central British Columbia's emerging copper hub, with malachite-azurite staining – clear evidence of a fertile porphyry system and sulphide mineralization at depth.

UNPARALLED PORPHYRY PORTFOLIO IN CANADA AND THE U.S.

# COPPER QUEST: BUILT FOR DISCOVERY, SCALE AND GROWTH

After a period of strategic restructuring, Copper Quest Exploration Inc. has emerged uniquely positioned to advance an exceptional portfolio of discovery-stage copper, gold, silver, and molybdenum projects in British Columbia's prolific Bulkley and Toodoggone Porphyry Belts – among Canada's most richly endowed porphyry districts. With 3 road-accessible projects already proven to host mineralized porphyry systems, Copper Quest stands at the heart of 2 districts anchored by major producers and past-producers including Imperial Metals, Centerra Gold, and Newmont. The time has come for Copper Quest to deliver scale and value.

What sets Copper Quest apart is scale, optionality, and timing. Global copper demand is accelerating under the twin forces of electrification and supply security, while new discoveries in stable jurisdictions are increasingly rare.

Copper Quest's projects – Stars, Stellar, Rip, and Thane – provide exactly that: Large-footprint porphyry systems, complemented by high-grade showings and anchored by existing regional infrastructure. Each project offers discovery potential on its own; together, they create the framework for a districtscale growth story.

Copper Quest is guided by a leadership team with top-tier experience from Freeport, Glencore, Kinross, and Lundin – professionals who have discovered, financed, and developed multi-billion-dollar mines worldwide.

Their mission is simple: Unlock the next generation of copper supply in North America, responsibly and profitably, while creating significant shareholder value.

**Company Details** 







Copper Quest Exploration Inc. #2501 – 550 Burrard Street Vancouver, BC, V6C 2B5 Canada Phone: +1 778 949 1829

Email: investors@copperquestexploration.com www.copper.quest

CUSIP: 217523 / ISIN: CA2175231091

Shares Issued & Outstanding: 71,243,806



Canada Symbol (CSE): <u>CQX</u> Current Price: 0.10 CAD (09/29/2025) Market Capitalization: 7.1 Million CAD



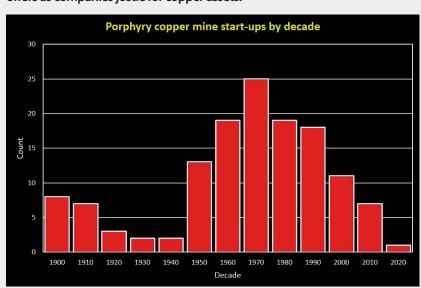
**△**Chart Germany (Tradegate)

Germany Symbol / WKN: <u>3MX0 / A40ZSP</u> Current Price: 0.062 EUR (09/29/2025) Market Capitalization: 4.4 Million EUR

All \$-figures in CAD unless otherwise stated.

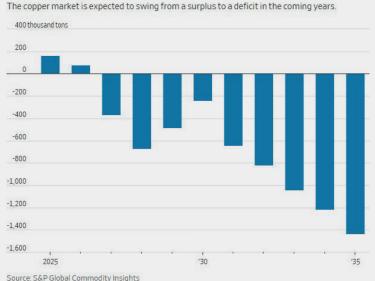


Excerpts from The Wall Street Journal's "Mining Megadeal Shows the World Is Crazy for Copper: Artificial intelligence and rising military spending are further buoying demand for the metal" (September 10, 2025): "For years, copper bulls have talked up its key role in the transition to green energy, needed for wind turbines, electric cars and grid infrastructure. Now, the metal is riding two new megatrends: artificial intelligence and rising military spending. A proposed \$53 billion merger between Anglo American and Teck Resources, the mining sector's biggest deal for a decade, amounts to a giant play on future demand for the base metal. Copper consumption has been climbing for years but new supplies aren't expected to keep pace with demand... The rise of artificial intelligence is powering a wave of extra demand for copper... "Significant amounts of copper are required to build, power and keep these centers cool," said Anna Wiley, head of BHP's South Australia copper business, at a conference last month. BHP, which sought to buy Anglo American last year to cement itself as the world's biggest copper producer, forecasts a 70% increase in demand for the metal by 2050... All these factors are key reasons that help explain why copper has been at the heart of dealmaking in the mining sector in recent years - and why analysts say the proposed Anglo-Teck tie-up could spur rival offers as companies jostle for copper assets."



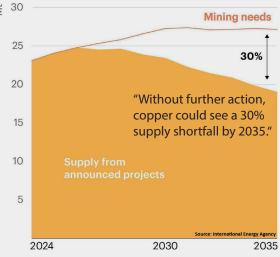
The surge of new porphyry copper mines in the 1950-1970s coincided with rising global demand, robust exploration investment, and the development of large-scale open-pit mining methods. However, the sharp downturn in new start-ups from the 1990s onward reflects several converging factors: Maturity of discoveries: Many of the world's largest and most easily developed porphyry systems were already discovered and put into production, leaving fewer "low-hanging fruit" opportunities. Falling grades and rising costs: Average ore grades declined, while permitting, development, and capital costs increased, slowing the pace of new start-ups. Price volatility: Periods of low copper prices reduced the economic viability of new projects, particularly large-scale, capital-intensive porphyries. Shift toward expansions: Rather than building new mines, many companies have focused on expanding or extending the lives of existing operations. Investor take-away: The long-term decline in new mine start-ups highlights the scarcity value of genuine new discoveries. With demand for copper, gold, and molybdenum set to rise in the coming decades, companies advancing porphyry projects today are positioned to deliver outsized value as supply constraints tighten. This tightening supply pipeline highlights the scarcity value of new discoveries and underscores the upside leverage for companies advancing new projects today.

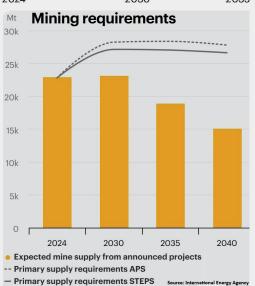
#### Not Enough Copper



# A projected gap between supply and demand for copper raises energy security risks

Expected mine supply from existing and announced projects and mining requirements for copper under today's policy settings, 2035







## MOMENTUM BUILDING: BOTH IN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES

In British Columbia (BC), Copper Quest is advancing its flagship **Stars** discovery, the contiguous Stellar polymetallic project, and the **Rip** copper-moly porphyry – each defined by district-scale geophysical footprints, extensive alteration systems, and multiple untested anomalies that could each deliver new discoveries. Together with the highly prospective Thane Project, located between Centerra's Mt. Milligan and Kemess operations, Copper Quest now controls one of the strongest exploration pipelines in BC, strategically positioned within two of the world's most productive copper belts and surrounded by majors actively seeking scalable new supply opportunities.

Porphyry copper systems are the backbone of global copper supply. They host the largest, longest-lived, and most economically significant copper mines on the planet. Yet in stable jurisdictions like Canada and the U.S., new discoveries are becoming now exceedingly scarce in stable jurisdictions as easy-to-find

deposits have already been mined. This scarcity makes Copper Quest's portfolio especially compelling: Large-scale anomalies in proven belts, road accessible, with nearby infrastructure. For majors and mid-tiers looking for scalable growth, early-stage projects with proven fertility and strong discovery potential like these are in increasingly short supply and carry outsized strategic importance in today's tightening market.

The Stars Project already shows signs of being a major porphyry discovery. Multiple holes have already returned 200-400 m intercepts, placing Stars firmly in the league of globally significant porphyry systems. These results confirm that Stars is part of a robust, fertile system, still wide open for expansion both laterally and at depth. The scale of the magnetic anomaly, combined with consistent mineralization across nearly every hole, underscores that Stars is far more than a typical grassroots play. Few early-stage projects demonstrate this combination of grade, thickness, and district-scale upside, making Stars a standout among BC's emerging porphyries.

Adding to this momentum, Copper Quest has now completed the acquisition of the Nekash Copper-Gold Project in Idaho, a newly emerging porphyry belt that already hosts world-class systems such as Butte, CuMo, and the recent Grizzly Porphyry Copper-Gold discovery by Hercules Metals Corp. Historical surface work at Nekash returned multipercent copper with strong gold and silver grades, while regional geology highlights the potential for a large, concealed porphyry system. With local management in place, Nekash anchors Copper Quest in a second tier-1 jurisdiction and significantly expands its North American footprint. This U.S. entry broadens the company's profile for investors and adds another high-impact catalyst to the pipeline in 2025.

With multiple catalysts ahead in 2025-2026, Copper Quest offers investors rare exposure to scale, discovery, growth potential, and jurisdictional diversification in copper, the world's most strategic, supply-constrained, and increasingly valuable metal for global electrification.

### Current Copper Quest Projects Prospective Copper Assets in a Top Copper Jurisdiction



#### **Stars**

#### Bulkley Porphyry Belt, BC, Canada

- · 9,694 ha concession (100% owned)
- · Tana Zone Discovery (2018), e.g. 195 m @ 0.466% Cu, 50ppm Mo
- · Underexplored 5 x 2.5 km annular magnetic anomaly

#### Stellar

#### Bulkley Porphyry Belt, BC, Canada

- · 5,389 ha concession (100% owned)
- Newly consolidated land package with historical exploration defining  $5\times3$  km area with high grade Cu, Au, Ag results
- · 2,500 m diameter magnetic geophysical anomaly

#### Dir

#### Bulkley Porphyry Belt, BC, Canada

- · 4,770 ha concession (option to earn 80% ownership)
- Drilled 1,033 m in 2024. Intersected mineralized, multi-phase porphyry intrusion

#### Thane

#### Toodoggone District, BC, Canada

- · 20,658 ha concession (100% owned)
- One of the strongest porphyry-related geochemical anomalies within in the prolific Toodoggone District

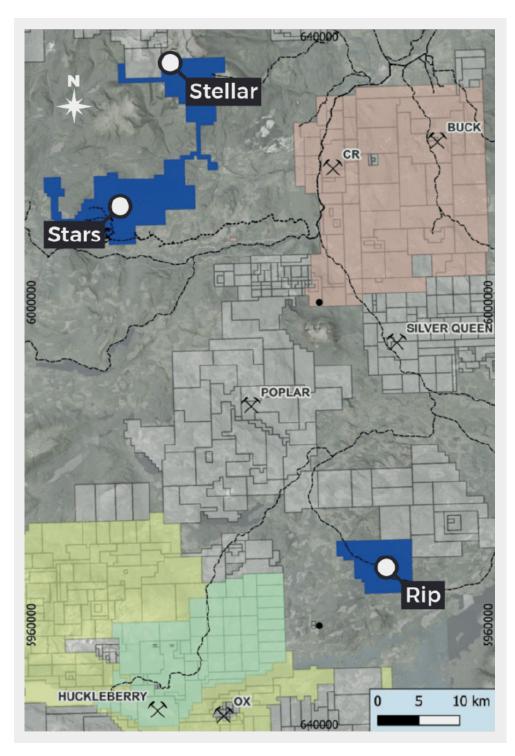


### REGIONAL CONTEXT: A DISTRICT-SCALE OPPORTUNITY

Copper Quest's Stars, Stellar and Rip Projects sit at the heart of a proven copper-gold-silver camp hosting multiple advanced deposits. Nearby projects such as Huckleberry, Berg, Ox, Poplar, Silver Queen, Buck, and CR highlight the scale, grade diversity, and active development across central British Columbia (BC). Collectively, they underscore the potential for a consolidated production hub anchored by Huckleberry's existing infrastructure.

In 2024, Vizsla Copper Corp. (current market cap: \$36 million) acquired Universal Copper Ltd. and its flagship Poplar Project, securing one of central BC's largest undeveloped porphyry copper systems. Historical resources outline 152 million tonnes (Mt) @ 0.32% copper (Indicated) and 139 Mt @ 0.29% copper (Inferred), together containing well over 2 billion pounds of copper plus significant molybdenum, gold, and silver credits. When set beside the **Huckleberry Mine**'s 1.25 billion pounds of copper in resources and reserves controlled by Imperial Metals Corp. (current market cap: \$962 million), Poplar underscores the district-scale copper endowment of the region.

The map also highlights other advanced-stage projects adding depth to the camp. **Buck** (Sun Summit Minerals Corp.; current market cap: \$41 million) offers bulk-tonnage gold-silver potential with 1.2 Mt @ 0.496 g/t gold (Indicated) and 52 Mt @ 0.462 g/t gold (Inferred). Silver Queen (Equity Metals Corp.; current market cap: \$49 million) delivers high-grade polymetallic ounces, with 3.5 Mt containing 63 million ounces (Moz) of silver equivalent (AgEq) (Indicated) and 1.92 Mt containing 22.5 Moz AgEq (Inferred). Imperial Metals' Ox, adjacent to Huckleberry, represents a potential satellite porphyry copper-moly deposit that could extend mill feed. To the northeast, the **CR** Property represents an early-stage copper-molybdenum porphyry target. While no resource estimate has yet been defined, its position along the same mineralized belt highlights its potential importance within the broader district.



For Copper Quest (current market cap: \$7 million), advancing Stars, Stellar and Rip in the midst of this cluster reinforces the district's evolution into a multi-asset copper camp, where multiple deposits could ultimately converge around the infrastructure at Huckleberry. The presence of an existing permitted mill and tailings facility dramatically reduces the capital intensity and timeline typically required to develop a stand-alone project,

while also providing a clear pathway to production. As additional discoveries are made and resources grow, the potential for a truly integrated mining hub becomes more tangible, with Huckleberry acting as the anchor that ties together several deposits across the belt. This creates an environment in which Stars and Stellar can move from promising exploration projects into key contributors within a district-scale copper growth story.



#### **HUCKLEBERRY: A PAST PRODUCER WITH A FUTURE STILL IN THE GROUND**

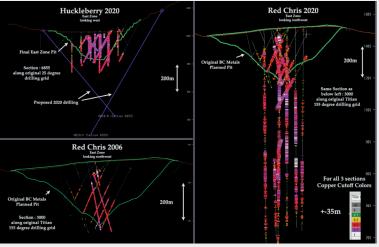
The Huckleberry Mine was developed and commissioned under the leadership of Imperial Metals Corp. (current market cap: \$962 million), which built the mine in the mid-1990s, brought it into production in 1997, and continued to manage operations throughout its life.

From its commissioning in 1997 to early 2011, the Huckleberry Mine processed roughly 90 million tonnes of ore from multiple open pits, producing nearly 870 million pounds of copper and 8 million pounds of molybdenum, along with significant by-products of gold and silver. Average head grades over this period were about 0.39% copper and 0.012% molybdenum, with copper recoveries approaching 89% and molybdenum recoveries near 26%. These strong metallurgical results translated into a copper concentrate averaging 27% copper, providing steady annual production of around 45-50 million pounds of copper and making silver, at roughly 250,000 ounces per year, an important revenue contributor alongside molybdenum.

Huckleberry mine operations ceased in August 2016. The mine remains on care and maintenance status. The focus during the current closure of the Huckleberry Mine is to conduct exploration on the property to expand the resource. As of the most recent NI 43-101 Technical Report (January 2011), the Huckleberry Mine hosts a sizeable copper inventory. Proven and Probable Reserves stand at 39.7 Mt @ 0.34% copper and 0.009% molybdenum, containing roughly 300 million pounds of copper. In addition, Measured and Indicated Resources total 181 Mt @ 0.32% copper and **0.006% molybdenum**, for more than 1.25 billion pounds of copper, with a further 48 Mt @ 0.26% copper classified as Inferred. A low-grade stockpile of 3.7 Mt @ 0.18% copper is also available for potential processing. Together, these reserves and resources underscore that Huckleberry remains a large, long-life copper asset with significant remaining endowment.



Existing infrastructure at the past producing Huckleberry Mine. (Source)



Huckleberry's 2020 East Zone cross-section looks strikingly similar to Red Chris in 2006, where early drilling stopped short in mineralization. At Red Chris, deeper drilling later unlocked some of the richest grades at depth – pointing to the same untapped upside potential at Huckleberry and elsewhere in the camp. (Source)

On top of that, the Huckleberry Property offers multiple avenues of upside that could support a restart of operations. Past drilling has already confirmed that mineralization continues well below the current pit limits, with long intercepts of copper and molybdenum at attractive grades, indicating room for deeper pit pushbacks or eventual underground development. In addition, exploration has outlined extensions like the Main Zone Extension and Saddle zones, both capable of adding new tonnage adjacent to historic workings. Beyond the immediate pit area, the company controls a large land package within a proven porphyry copper belt, including satellite targets such as Whiting Creek only 10 km to the north. Geophysical and geochemical surveys also highlight untested anomalies, underscoring the potential for new discoveries. Taken together, these opportunities position Huckleberry as more than just a past producer – it remains a district-scale copper asset with clear pathways to renewed production and growth. (Source)

Restarting the Huckleberry Mine would do more than unlock its remaining copper – it would establish a regional hub that Copper Quest could leverage to fast-track development of its nearby Stars and Stellar projects. With permitted infrastructure and a mill already in place, Copper Quest could cut both capital costs and timelines by potentially processing material at Huckleberry. This synergy elevates Huckleberry from a simple restart into a central hub for district-wide growth, enabling Copper Quest to develop and feed multiple deposits into a single, integrated operation. Just as importantly, Stars and Stellar – given their location and potential to supply future mill feed – would be prime strategic targets for Imperial Metals, reinforcing their value in any regional consolidation scenario.



#### STARS PROJECT

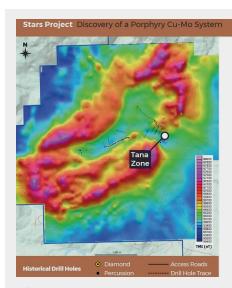
The Stars Project represents Copper Quest's first major growth engine – a road-accessible, 100%-owned, 9,693-hectare copper-molybdenum system in the Bulkley Porphyry Belt, BC. With proximity to past-producing porphyry mines such as Huckleberry (Imperial Metals) and Equity Silver (Newmont), Stars sits in one of Canada's most productive copper districts. The property's significance is anchored by a 5 x 2.5 km annular magnetic anomaly – a classic geophysical fingerprint of large porphyry systems – with mineralization already drill-confirmed at the Tana Zone.

# TANA ZONE: COPPER DISCOVERY WITH ROOM TO GROW

Previous drill campaigns at the Tana Zone have intersected wide copperbearing intervals **both near surface and at depth**, including:

- 195 m @ 0.466% copper + 1.64 g/t silver (DD18-004, from 23.5 m), including 40.2 m @ 0.93% copper + 3.27 g/t silver 396 m @ 0.2% copper (DD18-010, from 29.4 m), including 30.5 m of 0.4% copper + 1.34 g/t silver
- 207 m @ 0.205% copper (DD18-015, from 164 m), including 67 m @ 0.35% copper (from 231 m) and 9.9 m @ 0.45% copper (from 444.4 m to end of hole)

Consistent, thick copper intercepts compare favorably to many porphyry mines in production today, where grades often range between 0.2% and 0.4% copper. Importantly, the intrusion contact – a key mineralization control – has only been drilled in a single location. The system is wide open. These results confirm a robust copper system with economic potential, yet vast portions of the anomaly remain untested **beneath glacial cover** – presenting a clear opportunity for new discoveries. In addition to copper, drilling confirmed that Stars hosts silver, molybdenum, and gold, with assays returning up to 1.36 g/t **gold** and localized samples **exceeding** 10% copper. These multi-metal credits strengthen potential project economics compared to copper-only porphyry systems. This reinforces that Stars is more than just copper.



In 1998 Imperial Metals explored the Stars Project after discovering a boulder field of rocks that had similar characteristics to those at their nearby Huckleberry Mine

Three Drill Campaigns

- 1. 1998, 43 shallow (<15 m) reverse circulation drill holes totaling 552 m; Imperial Metals
  - » Identified widespread anomalous Cu & Mo mineralization in altered intrusive rock
- 2. 2001, 9, mostly vertical diamond drill holes (123 201 m length) totaling 1,186 m; Doublestar Resources
- » First intersection of the "Tana Zone" 0.26% Cu over 112 m from 58.51 m in drill hole CS-07
- 3. 2017-2018, 16 diamond drill holes totaling 6,781 m; ML Gold Corp.
- »Impressive intersections at the Tana Zone include 0.47% Cu and 50 ppm Mo over 195 m from 23.47 m in DD18SS004

In 2025 Copper Quest intends to follow-up on high grade Cu-Mo intersections in the Tana Zone, and to continue to test other highpotential targets within the Central Magnetic Anomaly (CMA)

"If this enormous, continuous, and strong bedrock anomaly were exposed for all to see, it would have seen vigorous historical exploration" (Brian Thurston, CEO of Copper Quest) The entire magnetic anomaly is covered by glacial till with very sparse outcrop. This lack of surface exposure is actually an opportunity – it means a potentially large porphyry system remains hidden and underexplored, with drilling as the key to unlocking a company-making discovery.

Drill Hole	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	Cu (%)	Mo (ppm)	CuEq (%)*
DD18SS004	23.47	218.54	195.07	0.466	50	0.489
DD18SS010	29.37	426.04	396.67	0.200	82	0.239
DD18SS013	8.53	163.98	155.45	0.209	58	0.236
DD18SS014	29.57	185.01	155.44	0.218	46	0.240
DD18SS014	236.83	370.94	134.11	0.193	48	0.216
DD18SS015	163.98	371.25	207.27	0.205	109	0.257
CS-07	58.51	170.38	111.87	0.255	54	0.281

\*Cu equivalents are calculated based on the following US\$ price assumptions: copper, US\$4 per pound, US\$8,818 per tonne; gold, US\$2,500 per troy ounce, US\$80.38 per gram; silver, US\$30 per troy ounce, US\$0.96 per gram; and molybdenum, US\$20/kg., assuming recovery factors of Cu=91.2%, Mo=85.8%, Au=73.1%, Aq=70.1%.

# At Stars, nearly every drill hole has returned copper concentrations between 10x and 400x higher than natural background levels. What it means technically:

- 1) Background copper levels in unmineralized rock are very low (often 50–150 ppm).
- 2) Stars drill holes consistently show multiples above that baseline, confirming a pervasive mineralizing system throughout the intrusive body. 3) The fact this applies to "almost all drill holes" – not just a few isolated intercepts – suggests copper is widely distributed across the system, a hallmark of large-scale porphyries. Why it's more significant than many other BC porphyry projects: 1) Many earlystage porphyry projects report isolated high-grade intervals surrounded by large volumes of weakly mineralized rock. 2) At Stars, the data shows copper enrichment is systematic and consistent, pointing to a robust, long-lived hydrothermal system. 3) This increases confidence that follow-up drilling will continue to hit copper, and raises the odds of defining a large porphyry copper deposit. Investor takeaway: Wide-spread copper enrichment at 10-400 times background makes Stars much more than just another porphyry prospect – it's evidence of a big, fertile copper system already in place. For investors, this dramatically lowers exploration risk compared to projects where mineralization is patchy or inconsistent, and it highlights the potential for Stars to evolve into a large, long-life deposit. This kind of consistency is exactly what attracts majors seeking scalable copper projects.



### THE IMPORTANCE OF NEAR-SURFACE + DEPTH CONTINUITY

#### **Near-Surface Hits**

- Easier and cheaper to mine (open-pit potential).
- Faster payback in development scenarios.
- More attractive to majors seeking low-cost growth projects.

### **Depth Continuity**

- Indicates a vertically extensive porphyry system.
- Supports the potential for long mine life.
- Enhances scalability: Deeper zones can be developed after initial open-pit production.

Investor take-away: Wide copper intercepts both from surface and at depth suggest Stars could evolve into a large, long-life deposit with the economics to attract strategic partners or acquirers. Importantly, an independent Qualified Person reviewed and re-sampled the 2017-2018 drill core, verifying the reported copper grades and confirming the presence of widespread porphyry-style mineralization. This third-party validation de-risks the dataset and underpins confidence in future exploration results.

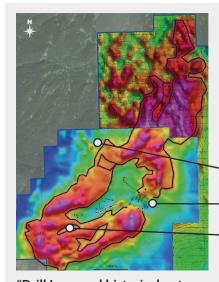
### **UNTESTED HIGH-PRIORITY TARGETS**

Beyond Tana, several district-scale anomalies remain untested:

- Central Magnetic Anomaly (CMA): A 5 x 2.5 km ring-shaped anomaly typical of porphyry centers. Only partially drilled, it may host multiple mineralized centers.
- **Big Dipper Anomaly:** A 3.2 x 2.2 km magnetic high, interpreted as a preserved deeper porphyry system. No drilling yet.
- Intrusion contacts under cover: Over 30 km of potential contacts remain untested. These are often the sweet spots for copper mineralization.

### **INVESTMENT RELEVANCE**

Porphyry copper systems are the world's primary copper sources. The most important attribute: **Scale**. Even modest-grade deposits can support decades of production if tonnage is large.



#### What we have at Stars:

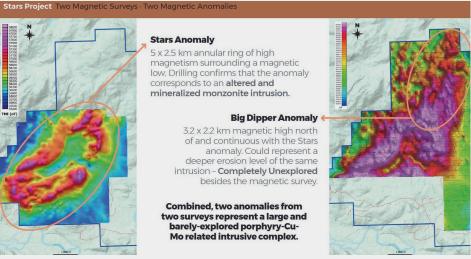
- · Intrusion with >100 ppm Cu in most places
- Numerous locations with encouraging drill results in terms of Cu+Mo grade, and alteration
- The contact of the intrusion has only been tested in one location (Tana Zone) and it has potentially ore-grade intersections
- · Opportunity IDENTIFY and DRILL TEST THE CONTACT
- · Multiple high priority targets

Based on the magnetic signature of the intrusion there may be 30 km of untested contact that has never been observed due to glacial cover and lack of drilling

Tana Zone: The only location where the Intrusion Contact has been tested by drilling

Multiple untested embayment's in the magnetic signature, similar to Tana Zone

"Drill Logs and historical petrographic work indicate that most drill holes were collared in, and drilled almost entirely within a phyllic and potassic altered monzonite intrusion and porphyry dykes." (Copper Quest in its corporate presentation) What it means: 1) Phyllic and potassic alteration: These are hydrothermal alteration styles strongly associated with productive porphyry copper systems. They often occur close to the core of mineralizing intrusions. 2) Monzonite intrusion and porphyry dykes: These are the host rocks most commonly tied to copper-molybdenum mineralization in BC porphyry camps (e.g., Huckleberry, Highland Valley). 3) Most drill holes stayed inside this environment: Historical drilling largely tested the interior of the intrusion itself, not the contact zones where higher copper grades often concentrate. Why it's important for **upcoming drilling:** 1) Upside still untapped: If strong mineralization is already present inside the intrusive body, even better grades may lie along the intrusion contacts that remain mostly untested. 2) Improved targeting: Knowing the alteration and rock types confirms the system is "alive" and fertile, giving geologists a clear roadmap for expanding mineralization. 3) Relevance: The next drill program will deliberately test these contact zones beneath glacial cover, where the best copper discoveries in porphyry systems are often made. <u>Investor take-away</u>: Past drilling proved Stars hosts a fertile porphyry system; upcoming drilling will target the most prospective parts of that system – the intrusion margins – where the potential for larger, higher-grade discoveries is greatest.



Two massive magnetic anomalies – one already drill-confirmed as mineralized, the other never tested – together outline a rare, company-making copper porphyry system with scale that could attract major partners.



The combination of 1) already-confirmed thick copper intercepts, 2) a district-scale magnetic footprint, and 3) a lack of systematic drilling in the past, means Stars has the profile of a company-making discovery.

In plain terms: Copper Quest already knows copper is there in significant quantities – what's missing is defining how big it really is.

# A TRANSFORMATIONAL ACQUISITION

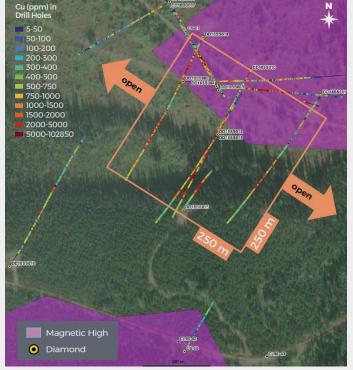
In January 2025, Copper Quest completed the acquisition of Stars from Aurwest Resources. President & CEO Brian Thurston called the deal "transformative for Copper Quest", noting that the company now controls nearly 9,700 ha of district-scale ground. He added: "Copper Quest now controls 9,693 ha covering the Stars Property and prospective surrounding area with two complementary exploration upsides being an established zone of higher-grade mineralization that Copper Quest can grow and define, and a much broader under-explored area with high potential for new discovery. Combined with the recently acquired and contiguous 5,389 ha Stellar Property, Copper Quest has assembled a dominant land position and created a unique opportunity that unlocks a district scale copper porphyry project in the Bulkley Porphyry Belt."

### A STRONG PARTNERSHIP AND BOARD SUPPORT

The acquisition also strengthened Copper Quest's bench of capital markets expertise. Cameron MacDonald, CEO of Aurwest, joined the Copper Quest board, stating: "I am looking forward to assisting Copper Quest in financing exploration of the Stars Property and exposing the Aurwest shareholders to the upside potential of advancing the Stars Property. Given the global movement towards electrification, environmental concerns, infrastructure development, and the forecasted demand for copper, the combined properties of Copper Quest make a very compelling exploration package."



**On-site photo of the Stars Project area.** The large property benefits from road access and a favorable setting within a proven mining district, with nearby infrastructure supporting future exploration and development.



Plan map of the Tana Zone showing drill holes colorcoded by copper content (ppm). Consistent mineralization has been intersected across a 250 x 250 m area and remains open in multiple directions. The association with magnetic highs (purple zones) underscores the potential for a much larger porphyry system beyond the currently drilled footprint, highlighting significant growth and discovery potential with upcoming drilling.

### 2025-2026: A COMPANY-MAKING EXPLORATION WINDOW

Copper Quest is preparing an aggressive exploration campaign for 2025-2026, including multiple high-impact initiatives designed to unlock value:

• Drill permitting and core relogging: Upgrading geological models, refining target areas, and ensuring the most efficient use of capital.

- Reconnaissance of new ground: Expanding beyond known drill areas and evaluating newly staked claims.
- Follow-up drilling: Expanding Tana's higher-grade intercepts.
- First-ever drill tests of CMA and Big Dipper: Each hole has the potential to reveal a new copper center.



#### **BOTTOM LINE**

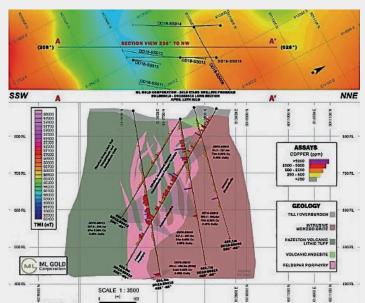
With its combination of discovery-stage results, a district-scale land position, and multiple untested high-priority targets, the Stars Project is set to become Copper Quest's first major catalyst in 2025-2026 and the cornerstone of its growth strategy in the Bulkley Belt. The project is already defined by wide, consistent copper intercepts at the Tana Zone, but its true value lies in the much larger potential footprint of mineralization that has yet to be systematically drilled.

With copper, silver, molybdenum, and gold all present, Stars carries a diversified metal endowment that strengthens project economics and makes it more competitive with producing porphyry camps in BC. Precious-metal credits are particularly important, providing by-product value that can lower effective production costs and improve margins in a development scenario.

The untested anomalies across the property – including the Central Magnetic Anomaly (CMA), the Big Dipper feature, and more than 30 km of concealed intrusion contacts – are geophysical signatures of large porphyry systems. Success on even one of these high-impact targets could instantly elevate Stars into the league of significant copper discoveries in Canada. These features remain almost entirely undrilled, underscoring both the scale of the opportunity and the degree of underexploration to date.

For investors, this creates a binary but high-reward scenario. Follow-up drilling is no longer about proving whether copper exists – that milestone has already been achieved through thick, near-surface intercepts – but about defining the overall size, continuity, and grade distribution of the system.

In the porphyry copper space, scale is everything: It attracts major partners, defines mine life, and ultimately delivers transformational value. With Stars, Copper Quest is positioned to deliver that scale, making the next phase of exploration potentially companymaking.



**Drilling cross**section (AR38139) through the Tana Zone showing shallow copper intercepts within altered monzonite. Investor take-away: Drilling has only tested the upper few hundred metres, leaving the deeper roots and lateral extensions of the porphyry system entirely untested and wide open for discovery.



Malachite-stained outcrop with visible chalcopyrite and bornite mineralization from the Stars Project area, providing surface evidence of a fertile copper porphyry system. The striking green malachite is a copper oxide mineral, formed when primary copper sulphides such as chalcopyrite and bornite are exposed to oxygen and water at surface. This natural process, known as oxidation or weathering, alters sulphides into colourful oxides and carbonates. Chalcopyrite and bornite are the primary copper sulphides – they crystallize deeper in the rock and represent the true source of copper. Near surface, these sulphides undergo chemical breakdown, producing secondary oxides and carbonates like malachite (green) and azurite (blue), often creating vivid staining along fractures and outcrops. The presence of both residual sulphides (chalcopyrite, bornite) and oxidized copper minerals (malachite) at Stars is geologically significant because it shows the system is mineralized at depth and has a surface expression of copper mobility. This combination suggests a long-lived hydrothermal system with a robust metal endowment, similar to world-class porphyry copper camps. In practical terms, the oxidation zone acts as a surface "flag" pointing to a larger mineralized body beneath weathered cover. Investor take-away: Copper oxides at surface are more than visual indicators – they confirm copper-bearing fluids moved through this rock, creating alteration halos and leaving behind secondary minerals. While the colourful oxides themselves are not the economic target, they provide strong evidence that the underlying sulphides host the real potential for a large-tonnage porphyry copper deposit capable of long mine life and scalable production.



#### STELLAR PROJECT

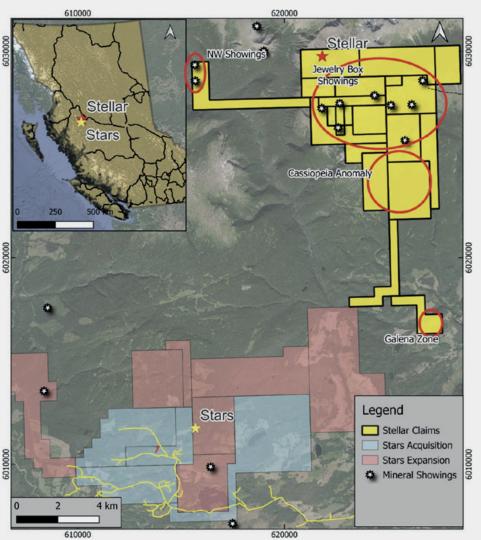
#### **EXPANDING THE FOOTPRINT**

The Stellar Project lies directly north of Copper Quest's Stars Project, together forming a contiguous land position in the heart of BC's **Bulkley Porphyry Belt**. While the 2 projects adjoin and could easily have been grouped under a single name, Copper Quest deliberately retained them as separate entities: Stars is a proven porphyry copper system, whereas Stellar is emerging as a multicommodity target area with distinct geological signatures and mineralization styles. This differentiation underscores the company's strategy to advance each project on its own technical merits.

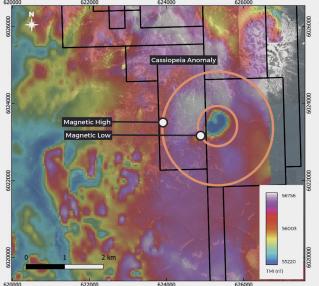
### A NEWLY CONSOLIDATED LAND PACKAGE

Stellar is a 100%-owned, 5,389-hectare concession that was consolidated by Copper Quest in late 2024. Historical exploration across the property has already outlined a 5 x 3 km zone of high-grade copper, gold, and silver results, supported by modern geophysical surveys and selective drilling. The property hosts multiple target areas including:

- Cassiopeia Anomaly: A 2,500 m diameter "bullseye" magnetic anomaly discovered in 2019, never drill-tested. Its annular magnetic high surrounding a central low is a textbook porphyry copper-moly-gold signature, representing one of Stellar's most compelling untested porphyry targets.
- Jewelry Box Area: Encompasses 8 BC Minfile showings across 15 km² where a porphyritic intrusion cuts Hazelton Group volcanic rocks and limestone. Historical and recent sampling returned exceptionally high grades, including up to 42 g/t gold and over 30% copper from select samples, alongside silver and the semi-precious mineral rhodonite.
- Galena Zone: A 100 x 150 m zone with strong lead-silver-zinc mineralization, first outlined in 2021. Rock sampling identified argentiferous galena with assays up to 1,500 g/t silver and >5% lead.



**Location and claim map of the Stellar and Stars Properties** with mineral showings and prospective areas.



Magnetic map showing the 2.5 km diameter Cassiopeia Anomaly, a textbook porphyrystyle geophysical feature characterized by a circular magnetic high encircling an 800 m magnetic low. Discovered in 2019 and never drill-tested, Cassiopeia lies within the heart of the Stellar property and represents one of the most compelling untested porphyry copper-molygold targets in BC's Bulkley Belt.

**Cassiopeia Magnetic Anomaly – Discovery Awaits:** The anomaly's scale, geometry, and lack of historical exploration highlight its strong discovery potential and make it a priority target for Copper Quest's 2025-2026 exploration program.



• Northwest Showings: Copper-lead-zinc showings associated with magnetite alteration and a syenite intrusion, further diversifying the range of mineralization styles present at Stellar.

### EXPLORATION HISTORY AND POTENTIAL

Stellar has seen sporadic but promising exploration since the 1960s, ranging from trenching and early drilling by Phelps Dodge and Granges, to modern IP and airborne magnetic surveys. The 2021 work program by Aurwest Resources Corp. (a previous operator) included IP, soil, rock, and silt sampling across the Jewelry Box and Galena areas, returning encouraging results such as 28.3 g/t gold from the Ridge Showing and multi-percent lead from the Galena Zone. Despite these results, large parts of Stellar remain underexplored, particularly around the Cassiopeia Anomaly and western portions of the claim block. Together with the contiguous Stars Project, the combined land position now secures control of an emerging coppergold-silver district anchored by multiple large-scale geophysical and geochemical anomalies.

#### STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE

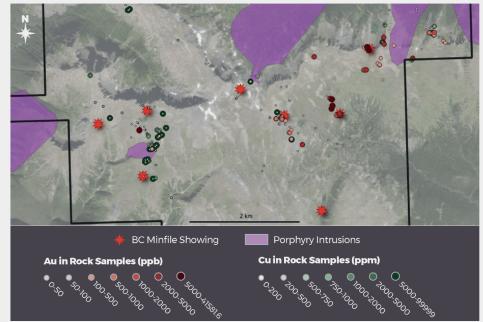
By keeping Stellar and Stars as separate projects, Copper Quest emphasizes their complementary but distinct potential: Stars is an advanced-stage porphyry copper system with demonstrated grade and scale, while Stellar is a polymetallic target field offering discovery potential in gold, silver, copper, and lead-zinc systems. Advancing Stellar alongside Stars not only strengthens Copper Quest's footprint in the Bulkley Belt but also enhances the optionality of the company's portfolio – copper dominance at Stars, and a broader commodity mix at Stellar.

#### **NEXT STEPS**

With the consolidation of Stellar complete, Copper Quest is now positioned to systematically explore what has been a historically underexplored property. The 2025-2026 work program will focus on advancing the highest-priority targets toward drill readiness:

Sample ID	Туре	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Cu %
PS-619	Rock	42	n/a	n/a
A9080	Rock	28	15	0.16
B737759	Rock	28	4.9	0.01
PD-14A	Rock	18	2.9	0.02
PS-627	Rock	11	n/a	n/a
B737703	Channel 0.4 m	10	6	0.33
B737635	Rock	3	4860	22.60
PD-E-91-19	Rock	n/a	133	6.73
B737702	Channel 0.7 m	n/a	19	3.23
B737529	Rock	n/a	653	31.20
B737633	Rock	n/a	162	36.70
B737766	Rock	n/a	161	19.70
B737764	Rock	n/a	98	12.35
DHR89-064	HR89-064 Rock		328	>10.00
MV89-011	Rock	n/a	2889	>10.00

High-grade historical rock and channel sample results from the Jewelry Box area. Samples highlight the polymetallic character of the system, with assays returning up to 42 g/t gold, **4,860 g/t silver,** and **36.7**% copper. The diversity and grade of results underscore Stellar's potential to host both high-grade vein-style mineralization and a larger porphyry-related hydrothermal system, making the Jewelry Box area a priority focus for upcoming exploration.



Jewelry Box and associated mineralized zones. The map shows the cluster of BC Minfile showings (red stars), gold and copper rock sample results (circles), and mapped porphyry intrusions (purple) across the Jewelry Box area. This 15 km<sup>2</sup> zone hosts at least 8 documented showings with exceptional grades, including up to 42 g/t gold, 4,860 g/t silver, and 36.7% copper, and is notable for its occurrence of rhodonite, a semi-precious mineral. Mineralization is controlled by porphyritic intrusions cutting Hazelton Group volcanics and limestones, suggesting potential for both high-grade veins and a larger porphyry-related hydrothermal system. To the northwest, additional copper-lead-zinc showings linked to syenite intrusions highlight Stellar's polymetallic character, while the Galena Zone defines a  $100 \times 150$  m area of lead-silver-zinc mineralization untested. Taken together, Stellar hosts a rare mix of porphyry-style copper targets and high-grade polymetallic zones – a key reason Copper Quest advanced Stellar as a standalone project adjacent to Stars, rather than consolidating the two. <u>Investor take-away</u>: The Stellar Project offers exposure to both large-scale porphyry copper discovery potential and near-surface high-grade polymetallic showings. With multiple untested anomalies, assays confirming exceptional gold, silver, and copper grades, and district-scale synergies with Stars, Stellar represents a rare opportunity for discovery-driven value creation in one of BC's most accessible porphyry belts.

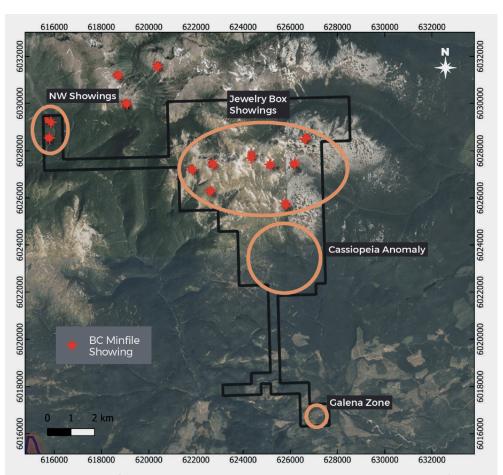


- Cassiopeia Anomaly: Initiate groundbased geophysical surveys (IP) to define the depth and shape of this large porphyry-style magnetic anomaly. Drill testing is anticipated to be the first ever conducted on this target.
- Jewelry Box Area: Undertake detailed mapping, sampling, and structural analysis to integrate decades of high-grade results into a cohesive geological model. The goal is to identify vectors toward a porphyry center that may explain the cluster of gold- and copperrich showings.
- Galena Zone & Northwest Showings: Expand prospecting and geochemical coverage across lead-zinc-silver occurrences, including trenching and potential first-pass drilling to evaluate grade continuity.
- Property-Wide Prospecting: Compile historical datasets with new fieldwork to generate additional targets across the 5,389 ha claim block, building a robust pipeline of prospects for follow-up.

#### **BOTTOM LINE**

Copper Quest views Stellar as a discoverystage project with the potential to add a significant and highly valuable multicommodity dimension to its Bulkley Belt portfolio. Historical sampling has already confirmed exceptionally high-grade copper, gold, and silver values, while geophysics highlights a large, nevertested porphyry target that could anchor a major new discovery. Together with additional polymetallic showings and untested zones of interest, these features make Stellar one of the most compelling early-stage exploration opportunities in the district.

With multiple untested targets and strong potential for both porphyryscale and high-grade vein-style mineralization, Stellar enhances the company's exploration pipeline and provides important diversification within a district that is quickly emerging as one of BC's next copper hubs, offering investors exposure to both scale, grade, and commodity diversity in a single, strategically located project.



**Key target areas of the Stellar Project.** Satellite map showing the distribution of BC Minfile showings (red stars) and major target zones within the 5,389 ha Stellar Property. Together, these targets underscore Stellar's polymetallic potential and its complementary role alongside the adjacent Stars Project in Copper Quest's portfolio. <a href="Investor take-away">Investor take-away</a>: Stellar offers exposure to multiple untested, high-grade copper, gold, silver, and polymetallic targets. Its proximity to Stars creates district-scale discovery potential, positioning Copper Quest to deliver both scale and commodity diversity in one of BC's most promising porphyry belts.



**Aerial view across the Stellar Property**, showcasing its high-elevation terrain, excellent exposure, and easy access for exploration.



#### **RIP PROJECT**

# EARLY STAGE COPPER-MOLY DISCOVERY POTENTIAL

The Rip Project is a **4,770-hectare porphyry copper-molybdenum** property within the emerging Bulkley Porphyry Belt. With excellent road access and proximity to past producers such as **Huckleberry** (Imperial Metals) and **Equity Silver** (Newmont), Rip benefits from strong regional infrastructure and a proven metallogenic setting.

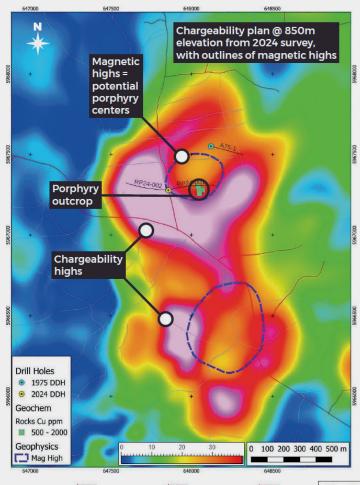
Modern airborne magnetic and 3D-IP geophysical surveys completed in 2024 resolved the historical Rip Anomaly into 2 distinct porphyry centers, each marked by classic pyrite halos surrounding magnetic highs. This geophysical footprint is comparable in scale to other district deposits such as **Poplar**, **Seel**, **Ox**, and **Berg**, yet Rip remains largely untested by drilling.

The first-ever Copper Quest drill program in late 2024 was deliberately limited in scope: Just 2 short diamond drill holes (1,033 m total) were completed from a single pad on the northern target. Despite the small scale, results confirmed the presence of a large mineralized porphyry system:

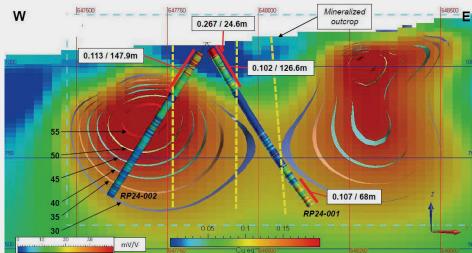
- RP24-001: **126.6 m** @ **0.102% CuEq**, including **24.6 m** @ **0.267% CuEq**
- RP24-002: **114.3 m** @ **0.113% CuEq**, including **72.4 m** @ **0.137% CuEq**

While not yet ore-grade, these long intervals of copper-moly mineralization with multi-phase veining, QSP alteration, and stockwork textures validate Rip as a porphyry system with significant growth potential. Importantly, the southern target – entirely covered – remains completely untested.

Copper Quest is earning up to an 80% interest from ArcWest Exploration Inc. by funding staged exploration over 4 years. Next steps include drilling the southern anomaly, step-out drilling at the northern zone, and refined geophysical work to vector toward higher-grade centers.



2024 airborne magnetic and **3D-DCIP surveys** at the Rip Project defined 2 distinct porphyry centers: The northern anomaly – partly tested by 2 short drill holes in 2024 - shows a classic chargeability "donut" (pyrite halo) surrounding a magnetic core. The much larger southern anomaly, however, remains completely untested and concealed beneath cover, underscoring strong discovery potential, additional exploration upside, and the clear need for follow-up drilling.



Cross-section through the northern anomaly showing 2024 drill holes RP24-001 and RP24-002 plotted against chargeability shells (30-55 mV/V). Both holes intersected long intervals of anomalous copper-molybdenum mineralization beginning near surface, confirming a large porphyry system beneath shallow cover. The image highlights the classic "donut-shaped" chargeability halo around a magnetic core – an archetypal geophysical expression of porphyry systems. Zones of intense quartz-sericite-pyrite (QSP) alteration, stockwork veining, and multi-stage intrusive phases were logged in both holes, supporting the interpretation of a vertically continuous mineralized cylinder at least 600 m wide. The strong correlation between geophysics and drill intercepts validates the exploration model, with the magnetic high likely representing a barren intrusive core and the surrounding chargeability ring marking sulphide-rich mineralization.

 $Section through RP24-001 \ and \ RP24-002 \ with \ chargeability \ shells \ (30-55 \ mV/V), \ Cu \ eq \ values, \ and \ sections \ with \ Cu \ eq \ > 0.10\% \ and \ 0.20\% \ and \ 0.20$ 



#### **BOTTOM LINE**

With only a handful of short holes drilled to date, Rip is still in the very earliest stages of testing. Even so, the initial program has already confirmed a large porphyry copper-molybdenum system, validating the geophysical model and demonstrating long intervals of mineralization from surface.

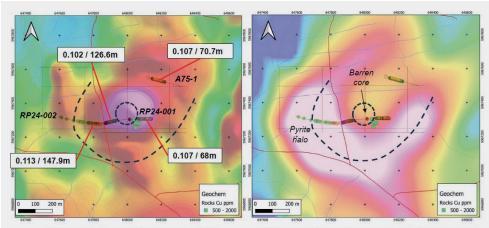
The northern anomaly, tested by only two 2024 holes and one historical hole, shows a classic chargeability halo around a magnetic core – exactly the type of geophysical-structural relationship seen at many large porphyry systems in BC.

It is not unusual for the central core to be relatively barren, as mineralization often concentrates in the surrounding shell where sulfide-rich stockwork veining and alteration are strongest. The grades intersected to date, while not ore-grade, confirm fertility and provide vectors for follow-up exploration. Early holes in world-class porphyries often return similar low-grade results before step-out and deeper drilling discover higher-grade centers.

The larger southern anomaly remains completely untested, yet exhibits a comparable geophysical signature, suggesting a second porphyry center of equal or greater scale. The chance to test such a system in a proven porphyry belt with excellent infrastructure and proximity to past producers is rare.

Strategically, Rip strengthens Copper Quest's land position in the Bulkley Belt, now host to multiple advancing copper projects, and adds optionality for partnerships, joint ventures, or district-scale consolidation.

In short, Rip is a true discovery-stage opportunity: Fertile, well located, and still at the very beginning of the drill-testing curve. Initial "scout holes" have proven the concept, and systematic follow-up drilling could quickly elevate Rip into one of the most compelling and strategically positioned coppermolybdenum projects in central BC.



Drill holes with Cu eq > 0.1 on magnetics (RTP)

Drill holes with Cu eq > 0.1 on chargeability (850m elevation)

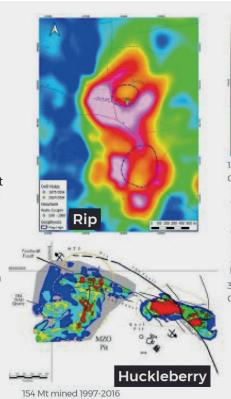
Plan view maps of the northern anomaly at Rip, integrating 2024 drill results with geophysical datasets. The left panel shows reduced-to-pole magnetics, while the right panel illustrates chargeability at 850 m elevation. Both highlight the contrast between a magnetic/chargeability high interpreted as a barren intrusive core and the surrounding pyrite halo. Drill holes RP24-001 and RP24-002, along with historical hole A75-1 (1975), all intersected long intervals of anomalous copper-molybdenum mineralization, demonstrating the system's scale. Rock geochemistry (green squares: 500–2,000 ppm copper) aligns spatially with the modeled halo, providing independent confirmation of surface expressions directly above the geophysical anomaly. It is not unusual in porphyry systems for the central core to be relatively barren, with economic mineralization typically located in the surrounding shell, where sulphide-rich stockwork and alteration are best developed. While the grades encountered to date are not ore-grade, they confirm a fertile porphyry environment and leave open the possibility of significantly higher grades in other parts of the system. The circular geometry of the anomaly, coupled with consistent mineralization in multiple holes, suggests a subvertical cylindrical system – typical of productive porphyry centers. The first holes drilled in 2024 represent "scout holes", designed to establish the system's geometry and alteration footprint. Follow-up drilling will vector toward more prospective areas where stronger mineralization may be concentrated. Importantly, only the western margin of this target has been tested, leaving the eastern flank, deeper levels, and the much larger southern anomaly completely untested.



**Drill site at the Rip Project during the 2024 phase-1 program.** The road-accessible property allows efficient mobilization of crews and equipment into a heavily forested but infrastructure-rich district. The initial 2-hole program from this setup confirmed that Rip hosts a porphyry copper-molybdenum system, setting the stage for expanded drilling.



**Comparative footprint maps** showing the Rip copper-moly porphyry system alongside several well-known deposits in BC's Bulkley Belt, including Poplar, Seel, Ox, Berg, and Huckleberry. All maps are presented at approximately the same scale, illustrating that Rip's geophysical anomaly is of comparable size to deposits that already host substantial coppermoly-(gold-silver) resources. Unlike these neighboring systems, which have been drilled extensively and carry defined resources or production histories (e.g., 154 Mt mined at Huckleberry in 1997-2016; 1,009 Mt @ 0.23% copper, 0.03% moly at Berg), Rip has seen only a few short holes to date. This contrast underscores both its early stage and its upside: Rip's anomaly has district-scale

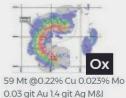


Poplar

152 Mt @0.32% cu o.ob~o~/4d ;-0.09 git Au 2.6 git Ag Ind



380 Mt @0.17% Cu 0.016% Mo 0.13 g/tAu 2.2 g/tAg M&I



0.02 git Au 4.6 git Ag M&I

1009 Mt @0.23% Cu 0.03% Mo

Comparative Footprints of Late K/Eoc Porphyries

181 Mt @0.315% Cu 0.006% Mo M&I (Main Zone, 2011)

untested. **The implication is clear:** Rip represents one of the last large, intact porphyry footprints in the district without systematic drilling, providing Copper Quest with a rare opportunity to unlock a potential deposit of similar scale.

#### Copper Quest Drilled 2 diamond drill holes (1,033 m) at Rip in October 2024



dimensions but remains virtually

41.3 m Crowded porphyry, qtz-py-cp-mo veins



99.7 m Breccia, patchy chl-cal-py-cp-mo



404 m Crowded porphyry, py D veins with ser envelopes (pyrite halo)



60.3 m Crowded porphyry, qtz-py-cp-mo veins



67.3 m Crowded porphyry, qtz-py-cp-mo veins



419-421 m Crowded porphyry, intense py D veins with sericite envelopes (pyrite halo)

Representative drill core from the 2024 phase-1 program at the Rip Project (1,033 m in 2 diamond drill holes). The core displays abundant porphyry-related features, including crowded porphyry phases with quartz-pyrite-chalcopyrite-molybdenite (qtz-py-cp-mo) veins, patchy brecciation with chlorite-calcite alteration, and pyrite-rich D veins with sericite envelopes typical of the pyrite halo. These multi-phase intrusive and alteration textures confirm Rip as a fertile porphyry copper-moly system and provide strong vectors for follow-up drilling toward potentially higher-grade zones.

Importantly, the variety of intrusive phases and overprinting alteration styles highlights a dynamic magmatic-hydrothermal system, consistent with large-scale porphyry environments elsewhere in **BC.** The presence of copper and molybdenum mineralization across broad intervals in both "scout holes" underscores the strong potential for improved grade, continuity, and scale in future systematic stepout drilling, particularly as deeper and lateral targets are progressively tested.



#### THANE PROJECT

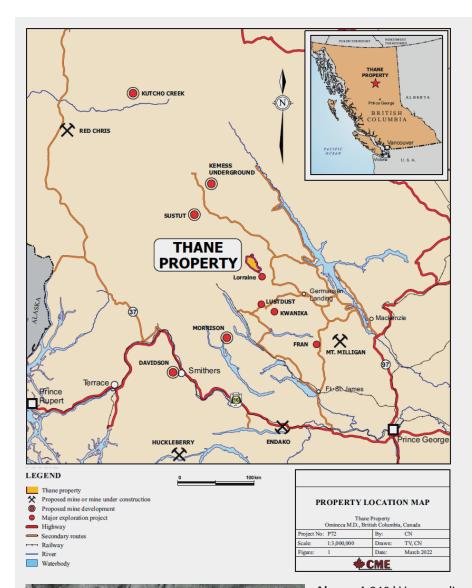
The Thane Project is a 100%-owned, 20,658-hectare copper-gold property situated in the Toodoggone District of north-central BC, an area well known for hosting alkalic and sub-alkalic porphyry copper-gold systems. The Thane Property is strategically situated on the Hogem Batholith within the Quesnel Terrane, positioned between 2 of the region's most significant copper-gold operations:

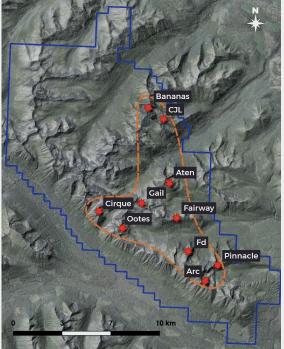
- Mt. Milligan Mine: A large-scale producing copper-gold open-pit operation located directly to the south.
- Kemess Mine Complex: A pastproducing copper-gold operation located to the north, also controlled by Centerra Gold Inc. (current market capitalization: \$3 billion).

#### **GEOLOGICAL SETTING AND TARGETS**

Thane covers a 14 x 6 km alteration and mineralization footprint with at least 10 distinct zones of interest. These zones display extensive hydrothermal alteration, anomalous copper-gold-moly geochemistry, and geophysical features consistent with large, buried porphyry intrusions. The property hosts both alkalic porphyry-style copper-gold targets and structurally controlled high-grade veins, including:

- Cathedral & Cirque: Strong chalcopyritepyrite mineralization with widespread potassic alteration; with grades up to 5.9% copper and up to 2.5 g/t gold from surface samples.
- Gail & Fairway: Large soil and rock anomalies with disseminated copper mineralization and alteration consistent with porphyry systems.
- Aten & CJL Showing: Magnetitespecularite-chalcopyrite breccias with assays up to 8.8% copper.
- Bananas Zone: Structurally controlled copper-gold mineralization requiring follow-up work.
- Mat Area: Distinct silver- and base-metalbearing veins in Nicola volcanics, with historical samples up to 2,852 g/t silver.





Above: A 240 kV power-line runs along the Kemess Mine Road, approximately 10 km east of the Thane Property, providing excellent infrastructure access and significantly enhancing the project's potential for future development and cost-effective exploration activities.

Left: The Thane Property hosts a 14 x 6 km alteration and mineralization footprint (dashed orange outline) with multiple high-priority coppergold targets. Despite strong surface results and geophysical anomalies, most of these zones remain completely untested by drilling, underscoring the project's discovery potential in a proven porphyry belt.



#### **EXPLORATION HISTORY**

Despite its size and strong surface footprint, Thane remains dramatically underexplored. A regional Geoscience BC study highlighted it as one of the strongest porphyry-related anomalies in all of BC. Historical work has included stream-sediment reanalysis, airborne geophysics, geological mapping, rock and soil sampling, and a small number of short scout drill holes (12 holes in one area only).

### Highlights from historical surface work include:

- Rock samples grading up to 12.8 g/t gold and 3.9% copper;
- Broader zones of **0.4-2.1 g/t gold and 0.1-1% copper** across several target areas;
- Multiple anomalies exceeding 3,000 ppm copper (0.3% Cu) in soils;
- IP surveys outlining large chargeability features consistent with porphyry systems.

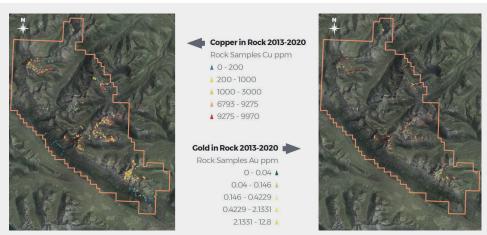
#### STRATEGIC VALUE

While Copper Quest's exploration focus has shifted toward its flagship Bulkley Belt projects, Thane remains a highly prospective asset in a proven porphyry district. Its location between Mt. Milligan and Kemess, coupled with extensive untested targets, makes it a valuable longer-term option for partnership, joint venture, or staged systematic drilling.

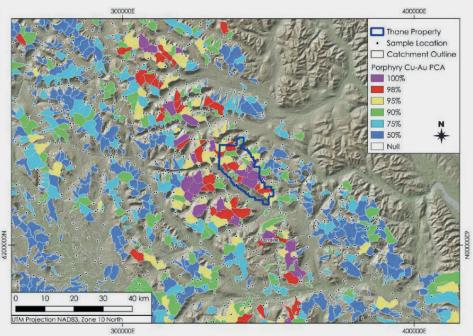
#### **BOTTOM LINE**

Thane is not Copper Quest's immediate priority at present, yet it remains a strategically significant landholding positioned within one of British Columbia's most productive and geologically endowed copper belts.

The Thane Property is underpinned by extensive district-scale anomalies, widespread alteration, and numerous mineralized showings that together define a truly large exploration footprint. Historical work has delivered exceptionally high-grade rock results across multiple zones, while the fact that almost no systematic or modern drilling has ever



Thane Project: Significant copper and gold grades across the system. Rock sampling from 2013-2020 across the Thane Property demonstrates widespread high-grade copper and gold mineralization. Copper assays (left map) range from background values up to nearly 10,000 ppm copper (1% Cu), with multiple clusters consistently exceeding 3,000 ppm copper (0.3% Cu). Gold assays (right map) extend from trace values up to 12.8 g/t Au, with numerous zones grading above 1 g/t Au across the 14 x 6 km alteration footprint. These results underscore the presence of multiple mineralized centers and the project's potential to host a large-scale copper-gold porphyry system.



Thane Project: One of BC's strongest porphyry anomalies. Regional geochemical data from Geoscience BC highlights the Thane Property (blue outline) as one of the most intense copper-gold porphyry anomalies in BC. With extensive high-percentile copper-gold geochemical signatures overlapping a 14 x 6 km alteration footprint, Thane stands out as a district-scale exploration opportunity strategically located between the past-producing Kemess Mine and Centerra Gold's large, producing Mt. Milligan operation, within a proven porphyry belt.

been carried out leaves the majority of the project's discovery potential intact and wide open. Taken together, these factors make Thane a valuable long-term asset that provides Copper Quest with considerable optionality, either through future joint-venture partnerships, staged systematic drill campaigns, or as part of a potential consolidation scenario in a proven porphyry corridor that already hosts several producing and past-producing mines.



#### **NEKASH PROJECT**

The 100% owned Nekash Copper-Gold Project represents a significant new addition to Copper Quest's North American portfolio. Located in Lemhi County, Idaho, within the prolific Idaho-Montana Porphyry Copper Belt, Nekash offers exposure to one of the United States' most compelling emerging copper districts. The property covers 70 unpatented federal lode claims across 585 hectares and is fully road-accessible via U.S. highways and forest service roads.

Nekash is strategically positioned along the **Trans-Challis Shear Zone**, a regional-scale structural corridor that has acted as a conduit for multiple mineralizing events. The project lies in proximity to major porphyry systems including **Butte** (Montana) and **CuMo** (Idaho), and sits within a favorable geological corridor that has already delivered new coppergold porphyry discoveries.

#### **GEOLOGICAL OVERVIEW**

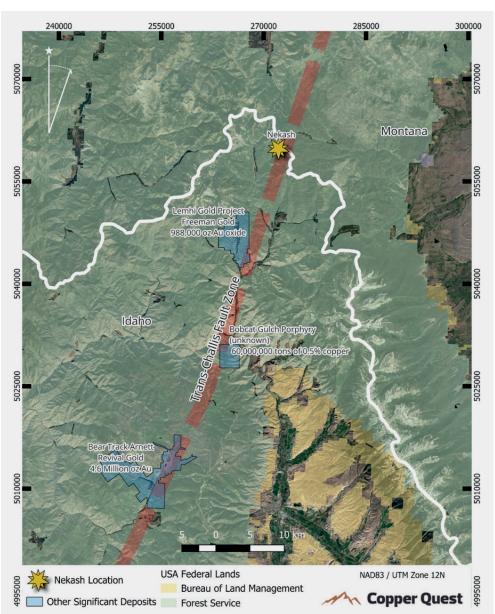
Surface mapping and historical work highlights:

- Outcropping phyllic alteration and porphyry-style quartz veining.
- Copper-gold stockwork veining with assays up to 6.6% copper and 0.6 g/t gold.
- A stratabound "manto" horizon with grades up to 3.8% copper, 0.9 g/t gold, and 25 g/t silver across 6.4 m.
- Geological interpretation suggests
  Nekash is a large, blind porphyry
  copper-gold system intruding
  Mesoproterozoic sediments of the
  Dahlonega Creek Formation. Surface
  anomalies and carbonate-replacement
  style horizons support the presence of a
  buried porphyry center at depth.

#### **EXPLORATION & PROJECT STRATEGY**

Copper Quest plans to advance Nekash with a modern, systematic program that builds on the extensive historical groundwork:

1) Property-wide geophysical and geochemical surveys to define porphyry centers.



The map highlights Nekash's position on the Trans-Challis Fault Zone alongside 3 nearby deposits on the same trend: 1) Lemhi Gold Project (Freeman Gold Corp.; current market cap.: \$52 million): ~988,000 ounces gold oxide, near surface, directly south of Nekash along the fault system. 2) Beartrack-Arnett Project (Revival Gold Inc.; current market cap.: \$193 million): The largest past-producing gold mine in Idaho, currently ~4.6 million ounces gold (combined Measured + Indicated + Inferred at grades between 0.87 and 1.34 g/t gold), large scale gold system, to the south of Nekash, also tied structurally to the same Trans-Challis shears/faults. 3) **Bobcat Gulch Porphyry:** A copper-molybearous porphyry prospect interpreted to lie on or near the Trans-Challis Fault Zone in similar geological setting. <u>Implications for</u> Nekash: 1) Structural Controls & Trend: All these deposits lie on or very close to the Trans-Challis Fault Zone or associated shear/fault structures (e.g. Panther Creek Fault etc.). Nekash lying on the same structural trend increases its probability of hosting analogous systems. 2) Diverse Deposit Types on Trend: The trend is not uniform; there are oxide gold deposits (Lemhi Gold), mixed oxide/sulphide with open pit + underground style (Beartrack-Arnett), and porphyry copper-moly with gold hazards (Bobcat Gulch). That variety suggests exploration models for Nekash should not be too narrow; multiple deposit types may be present. 3) Depth Potential: The 3 deposits near Nekash show that mineralization remains open at depth. For Nekash, blind or deeper porphyry centers under cover are credible targets.



- **2) Initial drilling to test high-priority targets** beneath strong surface mineralization.
- 3) Expansion of the "manto" horizon and evaluation of carbonate-replacement potential.
- **4)** Integration of modern 3D modeling with historical Bureau of Mines datasets.

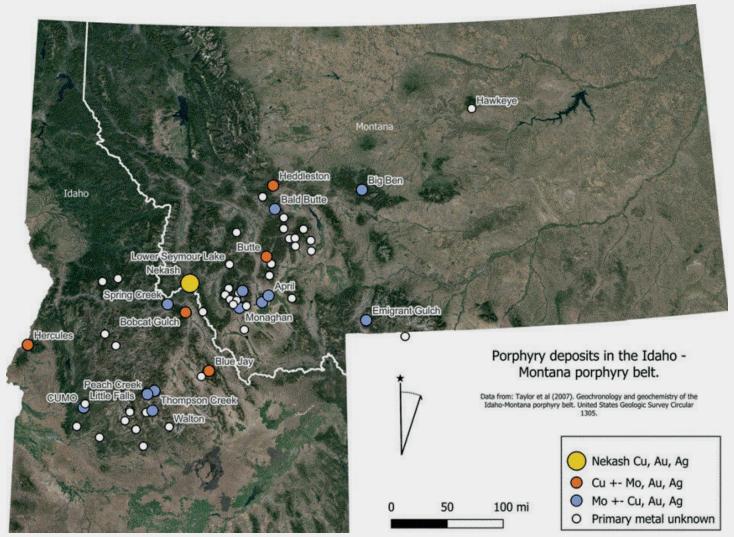
The company is also leveraging the expertise of newly appointed Technical Advisor **Joshua White** (P.Geo.), and

Aqua Terra Geoscientists LLC for project management. Joshua brings more than a decade of porphyry and gold exploration experience across multiple continents.

#### STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE

With copper demand accelerating due to electrification, Al-driven infrastructure growth, and renewable energy, Nekash positions Copper Quest to benefit from strong U.S. policy support for domestic copper supply chains. Idaho offers a mining-friendly jurisdiction with infrastructure, supportive regulation, and precedent for major copper development.

Copper Quest views Nekash as a high-impact opportunity to establish a copper-gold discovery in the U.S. and complement its flagship copper projects in Canada.



The map illustrates porphyry deposits across the Idaho-Montana Porphyry Copper Belt, highlighting Nekash (copper, gold, silver) alongside established systems such as <u>Butte</u> (Montana), <u>CuMo</u> (Idaho), and <u>Bobcat Gulch</u>. Idaho is rapidly emerging as a copper exploration frontier, with the recent discovery of the <u>Grizzly Copper-Gold Porphyry</u> by <u>Hercules Metals Corp.</u> (current market cap.: \$217 million) underscoring the potential for large-scale systems. Despite being underexplored compared to neighboring states, Idaho hosts the geological hallmarks for major porphyry copper-gold deposits. Projects like Grizzly demonstrate the potential for blind porphyry systems concealed beneath cover – a model directly relevant to Nekash. Positioned within this favorable corridor, Nekash benefits from proximity to industry-leading comparables, in a mining-friendly U.S. jurisdiction supported by infrastructure, strong regulatory frameworks, and a track record of major copper developments. This is important for Nekash and Copper Quest as it confirms the project's position in a proven porphyry belt with strong discovery potential. By securing a foothold early in this underexplored U.S. district, the company is strategically positioned to leverage large-scale copper discoveries in a tier-1 jurisdiction.



## MANAGEMENT, DIRECTORS & ADVISORS

Copper Quest has assembled a powerhouse team of explorers, operators, financiers, and dealmakers with decades of proven success across every stage of the mining cycle. From grassroots discoveries to billion-dollar acquisitions, from financing juniors to operating tier-one copper assets, this group brings the exceptional blend of technical excellence, corporate leadership, and capital markets savvy. For shareholders, the strength of this team is clear: They've done it before, and they are positioned to do it again – advancing Copper Quest's portfolio of copper projects in British Columbia with the expertise and discipline of industry veterans who know how to create lasting value.

### BRIAN THURSTON (P.GEO.) CEO & Director



Brian brings more than 3 decades of geological and corporate leadership experience to Copper Quest. He has worked on

projects from early discovery to feasibility across North and South America, Africa, and India, with a career highlight being his instrumental role in the exploration, land acquisition, and development of Aurelian Resources Inc. in Ecuador later acquired by Kinross in a landmark \$1.2 billion deal. In 2004, Brian transitioned from field geology to the corporate side, where he founded and led multiple public companies, built governance frameworks, and steered successful takeovers, including his tenure as President and CEO of Lion Energy Corp., sold to Lundin's Africa Oil. His deep technical expertise in porphyry systems, coupled with a proven ability to structure, finance, and monetize exploration companies, makes him uniquely positioned to unlock value from Copper Quest's growing portfolio in British Columbia. Investor take-away: Brian is a value creator. He has already proven he can take discoveries from concept to billion-dollar exits. With Copper Ouest, investors are backing a CEO who knows how to advance assets, attract majors, and crystallize shareholder returns.

# DONG SHIM CFO



Dong has built a distinguished career in accounting and finance across both the US and Canada, specializing in guiding

high-growth companies through the critical early stages of public market exposure. A dual-qualified CPA (British Columbia and Illinois), he has been the financial backbone for junior mining and technology firms, ensuring regulatory compliance and audit excellence. Dong's expertise goes beyond accounting - he has played a pivotal role in helping multiple start-ups achieve public listings on the TSX Venture Exchange, the CSE, and the OTC Markets. His proven ability to structure companies for growth, maintain strong financial discipline, and navigate complex reporting requirements makes him an invaluable steward of Copper Quest's financial strategy. Investor take-away: Dong is a builder of financial foundations. For shareholders, his track record of taking companies public and maintaining credibility in the markets translates into confidence that Copper Quest is on solid financial footing as it advances its copper portfolio.

### JANET FRANCIS Corporate Secretary

Janet brings more than 20 years of expertise in corporate governance and regulatory compliance, having guided companies across the Toronto Stock Exchange, TSX Venture, CSE, Cboe Canada, and NYSE American. She has served as a Director, Corporate Secretary, and Trusted Governance Advisor to numerous public companies, ensuring seamless interaction with regulators and investors alike. As founder and principal of her own corporate services firm, Janet has built a reputation for precision, reliability, and a deep understanding of the complex requirements facing reporting issuers. Her experience ensures that Copper Quest operates with the highest standards of governance - a cornerstone for attracting institutional investors and maintaining market credibility. Investor take-away: Janet is a guardian of governance. For shareholders, her involvement means Copper Quest is not only compliant, but well-positioned

to earn the trust of regulators, exchanges, and the capital markets.

# JASON NICKEL Director



Jason is a seasoned mining executive, engineer, and entrepreneur with 25 years of hands-on experience across the

full mining lifecycle – from exploration and feasibility to operations and development. His career includes senior roles with Canadian gold and copper producers, most recently as Mine Manager, where he oversaw both underground and open-pit operations for a rapidly emerging gold company. Since 2008, Jason has also provided management and consulting services to the industry, playing a key role in launching and advancing junior resource companies in British Columbia and the Arctic. A board veteran, he has served on 4 TSX Venture and CSE-listed company boards since 2011. With a degree in Mine Engineering from UBC and a Graduate Diploma in Business Administration from SFU, Jason blends technical mining expertise with sharp business acumen. Investor take-away: Jason is a builder and operator. For shareholders, his track record in taking projects from early-stage concepts to producing mines ensures Copper Quest's assets are guided by practical know-how and real-world execution.

### CAMERON MACDONALD Director



Cameron brings nearly 2 decades of capital markets expertise, specializing in M&A, banking, financial management,

and operations. As Founder and CEO of the Macam Group of Companies, he has been at the forefront of structuring and financing ventures across industries, helping raise more than \$300 million in equity and over \$650 million in debt since 2002. Currently President and CEO of Tenth Avenue Petroleum Corp. and Director of Pacific Bay Minerals Ltd., Cameron also serves as an investor and board member in several other businesses. His



experience as both a financier and operator allows him to bridge the gap between the market and the mine site – aligning strategy, capital, and execution. Investor take-away: Cameron is a dealmaker. For shareholders, his proven ability to raise significant capital and execute corporate growth strategies provides Copper Quest with the financial firepower and market access to accelerate project development.

### MIKE CIRICILLO Board Advisor



Mike is a veteran mining executive with over 30 years of global operational and project leadership, having worked across 5

continents. His career began at INCO in Canada before moving to Phelps Dodge, which later became part of Freeport-McMoRan. At Freeport, he rose through leadership roles across the US, Chile, the Netherlands, and the DRC, ultimately serving as President of Freeport-McMoRan Africa. Notably, he spent 5 years guiding the Tenke Fungurume Project from construction into full-scale operations - one of the world's most important coppercobalt mines. In 2014, Mike joined Glencore, where he served as Head of Copper Operations in Peru, then Head of Global Copper Smelting, before being elevated to lead Glencore's worldwide copper assets. Today, he is President of the Natural Resources Sector for NANA Corporation in Alaska. Mike's track record of managing multi-billion-dollar copper operations brings invaluable strategic and operational insight to Copper Quest. Investor takeaway: Mike is a world-class operator. For shareholders, his deep leadership experience with Freeport and Glencore signals that Copper Quest's assets are being advanced with the same discipline and vision as tier-1 global copper producers.

### JAMES DIXON Board Advisor

James brings a unique combination of technical expertise and deep regional knowledge to Copper Quest. He began his career in the 1980s as a Petroleum Reservoir Research Technologist before moving into engineering operations in the 1990s. For more than 2 decades, he has focused on prospecting in the Bulkley-Morice Region of BC, where his family has been directly involved in mineral exploration for over a century. That legacy includes pioneering work at the Sibola and Owen Lake Mines, and more recently, the discovery of a 110-million-tonne resource. Beyond mining, James's family has long contributed to the development of the region through sawmilling, planning, and fur trading with local First Nations. His generational experience in both resource development and community relations brings Copper Quest a rare advantage: The ability to advance projects with authenticity, respect, and deep-rooted local trust. Investor take-away: James is Copper Quest's bridge to community and discovery. For shareholders, his combination of exploration success and generational ties to both the land and First Nations strengthens the company's ability to advance projects responsibly while unlocking value in one of BC's most prospective copper regions.

## RICK GITTLEMAN Board Advisor



Rick brings over 40 years of mining industry expertise, spanning legal, financial, and executive leadership roles across

some of the world's most significant copper jurisdictions. He began his career as outside Legal Counsel for Gécamines, the DRC's state-owned mining company, and later as a Project Finance and M&A Lawyer at **Akin Gump**, where he advised global oil, gas, mining, and power companies entering African markets. Rick then moved into senior executive roles, serving as Senior VP at **Freeport-McMoRan**, where he worked extensively on the landmark Tenke Fungurume Project in the DRC. He also held key roles in **Glencore**'s copper division across Africa and South America. Today, Rick is President and CEO of RMG Minerals LLC, focused on tier-1 copper opportunities in the African Copperbelt. Investor take-away: Rick is a dealmaker in the world's toughest jurisdictions. For shareholders, his deep experience at the intersection of law, finance, and mining operations – including world-class projects with Freeport and Glencore – gives Copper Quest unmatched insight into advancing

projects and capturing value on a global scale.

# **DR. MARK CRUISE (P.GEO.)** Technical Advisor



Mark is a Professional Geologist with nearly 3 decades of global exploration and mining experience. His career began as a

Polymetallic Commodity Specialist with Anglo American, but he made his mark by founding and leading Trevali Mining Corp. From 2008 to 2019, he transformed Trevali from a single discovery into a top-10 global zinc producer with multicontinent operations across the Americas and Africa. Beyond Trevali, Mark has held senior leadership roles – VP, COO, and CEO – with multiple TSX, TSX Venture, and NYSE American listed companies, guiding organizations with market capitalizations from the tens of millions to well over \$1 billion USD. His unique blend of technical expertise and executive leadership brings both credibility and vision to Copper Quest's board. Investor take-away: Mark is a proven mine builder. For investors, his history of scaling exploration plays into billion-dollar producers signals the growth potential of Copper Quest's assets under his guidance.

### RICH LEVEILLE Technical Advisor



Rich has devoted his life to mining, growing up in major copper camps in the western US, where his father worked for Kennecott.

With a B.S. in Geology from the University of Utah and an M.S. from the University of Alaska, Fairbanks, Rich built a career that spanned AMAX, Kennecott, Rio Tinto, Phelps Dodge, and ultimately Freeport-McMoRan. Along the way, he was directly involved in – and often led – teams responsible for multiple world-class discoveries across the US and abroad. His last corporate role was as Senior VP of Exploration for Freeport-McMoRan, one of the world's largest copper producers, where he shaped global exploration strategy from the company's Phoenix head-



quarters. Since retiring in 2017, Rich has remained active as a geological consultant while dedicating time to writing, hiking, fishing, and advocacy work. <a href="Investor take-away">Investor take-away</a>: Rich is a discoverer at heart. For shareholders, his lifetime of exploration success with the world's biggest copper producers provides Copper Quest with discovery expertise and credibility that few junior companies can match.

### JOHN FLEISHMAN Technical Advisor



John brings over 3 decades of exploration and project development experience across the Americas. He began his career in the 1980s with

Blackdome Mining Corp. and Ashworth Explorations Ltd. before co-founding Reliance Geological. From 1993 to 2006, John worked throughout South America, Mexico, Canada, and the US with Canabrava Diamonds Corp. and Southwestern **Gold Corp.**, building a strong track record in early-stage discoveries. Among his career highlights, John staked the Blackwater Davidson Property – a project that would ultimately evolve into Artemis Gold Inc.'s flagship Blackwater Mine after he sold the NSR to New Gold Inc. He also served as a Director at West Cirque Resources Ltd. (acquired by Kaizen Discovery Inc.) and as Technical Advisor to QuestEx **Gold & Copper Ltd**. (later acquired by Skeena Resources Ltd.). <u>Investor take-</u> away: John is a discovery-driven geologist. For shareholders, his history of identifying, advancing, and positioning projects that were later acquired by major players highlights his ability to add value and unlock opportunities that others overlook.

# **DR. TONY BARRESI (P.GEO.)** Technical Advisor



Tony is a seasoned exploration geologist and corporate leader with more than 20 years of experience advancing mineral discoveries in

the Canadian Cordillera. Over his career, he has successfully guided exploration

campaigns and corporate development strategies during pivotal growth stages for multiple junior mining companies. He previously served as President and Director of both QuestEx Gold & Copper Ltd. and Triumph Gold Corp., where his leadership helped shape company direction and exploration success. Tony's academic foundation is equally impressive – his Ph.D. research on island-arc evolution and metallogeny in British Columbia earned him the prestigious Mary-Claire Ward Geoscience Award from the Prospectors and Developers Association of Canada (PDAC) in 2006. Investor take-away: Tony is an innovator in exploration. For shareholders, his deep technical insight and proven leadership record ensure Copper Quest's exploration strategy is both scientifically rigorous and commercially focused.

## JOSHUA WHITE (P.GEO.) Technical Advisor

Joshua is an exploration geologist with over 13 years of global experience and Principal of Aqua Terra Geoscientists LLC, which is managing Copper Quest's Nekash Project. A U.S. Marine combat veteran, he earned geology degrees from the University of Wyoming (B.Sc.) and Montana Tech (M.Sc.), before working with Kinross Gold on projects across 4 continents. His expertise spans epithermal gold, porphyry copper, orogenic gold, and sediment-hosted copper systems, with senior-level experience at Kinross's Paracatu Mine in Brazil prior to moving into the junior exploration sector. Investor take-away: With Joshua guiding exploration at Nekash, Copper Quest gains seasoned technical leadership and a proven project generator, strengthening confidence in uncovering the districtscale copper-gold potential of Idaho's emerging porphyry belt.

### CHAD MCMILLAN Strategic Advisor

Chad is a seasoned senior executive with more than 20 years of experience in and around the capital markets, where he has built, managed, and financed numerous public companies. His expertise spans executive management, corporate finance, M&A, communications, and community relations, with past roles including President, CEO, Director, VP Corporate Communications, and Strategic Advisor. Chad has led and supported countless financings,

mergers, acquisitions, and joint ventures, particularly in the mining and resource sector, but also in technology and entertainment. He is the Founder of McMillan Strategies, Kaypieye Media, and Wokaura Art & Innovations, and holds a Bachelor of Arts in Communications from Simon Fraser University. Most recently, he played a key role in helping Copper Quest source its new US acquisition – underscoring his ability to bridge technical, financial, and strategic opportunities. Investor takeaway: Chad is a connector and strategist. For shareholders, his proven ability to manage, finance, and advance resource ventures directly strengthens Copper Quest's advisory team. As CEO Brian Thurston has emphasized, Chad's ability to navigate both the technical and capital markets landscapes helps position Copper Quest for long-term growth and unlock the full potential of its projects.

# **DAVE MCMILLAN**Special Advisor



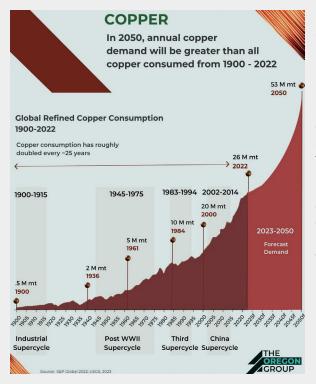
Dave brings more than 4 decades of experience spanning both mining and capital markets. Before retiring from the securities industry

in 2000, he spent 17 years as an Investment Advisor, Vice President, Director, and Senior Partner at one of Canada's leading brokerage firms. During that time, he was instrumental in financing numerous junior exploration companies in North and South America, helping fund the earlystage discoveries that ultimately became the Kemess and Mount Milligan Mines in British Columbia. Since retirement, Dave has continued to shape the sector through executive and director roles in a variety of public and private companies. His unique blend of financing expertise and industry insight, particularly in British Columbia's copper belts, provides Copper Quest with a strategic advantage in both funding and advancing its exploration portfolio. Investor take-away: Dave is a bridge between the market and the rocks. For shareholders, his track record in financing juniors that grew into producing mines – in the same trend as Copper Quest's Thane Project – underscores the potential for history to repeat itself.



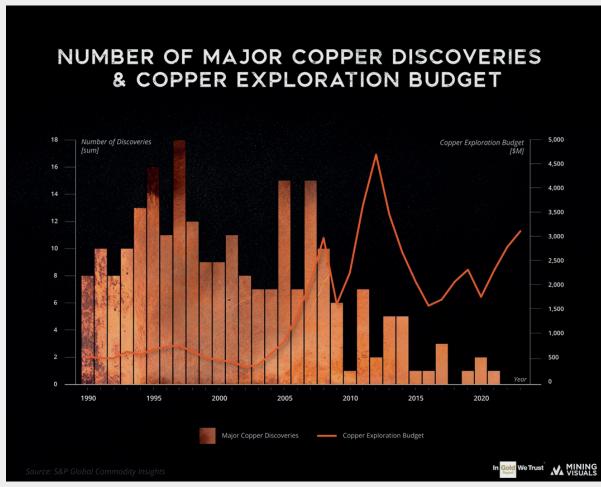


Copper price rally amid supply shocks – disruptions at Grasberg and Chile keep pressure on copper prices: One of the market's biggest risks – supply reliability – intensifies. Global supply risks are mounting after Freeport-McMoRan confirmed that operations at its Indonesian Grasberg Mine remain suspended following a mudflow accident. Grasberg is one of the world's largest copper producers, responsible for 3.6% of global output in 2024. Any prolonged disruption there, combined with Codelco's warning of stagnant production in Chile due to declining grades and rising costs, could tighten global supply. On the demand side, China continues to anchor the market. Read more about the recent supply disruptions and looming price escalation in Rockstone's recent article "Riding the Copper Supply Crunch: Today's Juniors Are Tomorrow's Headlines" – an analysis of how structural demand meets fragile supply, why majors are scrambling for growth, and where the real opportunities lie for investors positioning ahead of the next copper supercycle, with a spotlight on juniors poised to become tomorrow's takeover targets and market leaders.

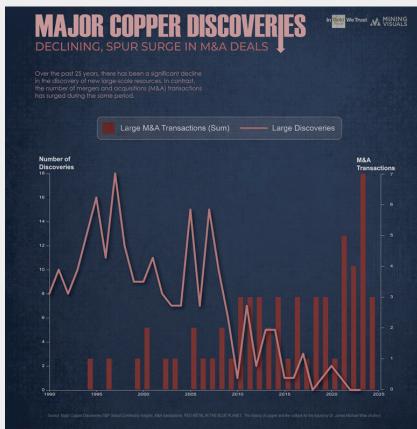


"Did you know that every time you type a query into ChatGPT, it requires about 10 times as much electricity to process as a Google search? That's according to Goldman Sachs, which writes in a <u>new report</u> that electricity consumption in the U.S. is poised for a major surge for the first time in years, due in large part to the rapid buildout of data centers that power AI platforms such as ChatGPT... To help put things in perspective, ChatGPT currently has over 180 million users, but there are around 5.3 billion internet users around the world. Imagine if each of them became a regular user of energy-intensive ChatGPT, whose servers are located in the U.S., according to owner OpenAI. The U.S. is currently home to nearly 5,400 data centers, the most of any other nation by far. Even so, additional capacity will need to come online to meet runaway demand, and giant tech companies – from OpenAI and Microsoft to Google, Meta, Amazon and more – are spending billions to position themselves as leaders in the nascent industry... While natural gas will be a key player in meeting future power needs, copper is equally essential, particularly for its role in the energy transition. Copper is the only critical mineral present in AI as well as all of the most important clean energy technologies, including electric vehicles (EVs), solar photovoltaics (PV) and wind power. Its combination of conductivity, longevity, ductility and corrosion resistance makes it an indispensable mineral... However, the supply side of the copper market is fraught with challenges. To meet current trends, an astounding 115% more copper must be mined in the next 30 years than has been mined in human history." (Source: Frank Holmes in June 2024)





Despite increased exploration budgets in recent years, the number of major copper discoveries has collapsed, underscoring the structural supply challenge facing the industry. **For** Copper Quest, this tightening discovery pipeline highlights the strategic importance of its projects in British Columbia's prolific porphyry belts, where road-accessible targets with proven mineralization offer a rare opportunity to add genuine new discoveries to the global copper supply story.



Over the past 25 years, the discovery of new worldclass copper deposits has fallen dramatically, even as industry exploration spending has surged. The chart illustrates how large discoveries have trended steadily downward, while mergers and acquisitions (M&A) have accelerated to fill the gap. With fewer genuine discoveries being made, major producers are increasingly forced to grow through consolidation, bidding up the value of existing assets. For Copper Quest, this industry backdrop underscores a critical **point:** Organic discoveries are now exceptionally rare, highly strategic, and increasingly valuable. As global copper demand accelerates alongside electrification, energy transition, and infrastructure growth, the scarcity of new projects magnifies the importance of companies like Copper Quest advancing fresh, road-accessible discoveries in proven porphyry belts. Growing demand from Al-driven data centers, surging renewable power infrastructure, and rising global military spending further reinforce copper's strategic role. Combined with accelerating EV adoption, grid expansion, and industrial modernization, the case for new discoveries has never been stronger or more urgent. In a market where majors are hungry for growth but short on organic discoveries, new deposits stand out as prime acquisition and partnership targets.



# DISCLAIMER AND INFORMATION ON FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Rockstone Research, Zimtu Capital Corp. ("Zimtu") and Copper Quest Exploration Inc. ("Copper Quest"; "the Company") caution investors that any forward-looking information provided herein is not a guarantee of future results or performance, and that actual results may differ materially from those in forward-looking information as a result of various factors.

The reader is referred to the Copper Quest's public filings for a more complete discussion of such risk factors and their potential effects which may be accessed through its documents filed on SEDAR at www.sedarplus.ca.

All statements in this report, other than statements of historical fact, should be considered forward-looking statements.

Much of this report is comprised of statements of projection.

Statements in this report that are forward-looking include, but are not limited to, statements that Copper Quest is positioned to deliver scale and value, advance and unlock the next generation of copper supply in North America responsibly and profitably, and create significant shareholder value; that the company's portfolio of projects offers district-scale discovery potential, optionality, and timing advantages, with large-footprint porphyry systems complemented by high-grade showings and existing infrastructure; that Stars could evolve into a large, long-life deposit attractive to strategic partners or acquirers, with further expansion laterally and at depth and that upcoming drilling targeting intrusion contacts may return higher grades and improved continuity; that the Central Magnetic Anomaly (CMA) and Big Dipper at Stars represent high-impact, never-tested targets where initial drilling could reveal a new copper center, potentially elevating Stars into the league of significant discoveries; that the 2025-2026 exploration program, including permitting, core relogging,

reconnaissance, step-out drilling at Tana, and first-ever tests of CMA and Big Dipper, will unlock value and act as company-making catalysts; that Stellar could anchor a major new discovery, with the Cassiopeia Anomaly described as a textbook porphyry target slated for prioritization, and multiple high-grade polymetallic zones offering additional discovery avenues; that Rip represents a true discovery-stage opportunity where follow-up and step-out or deeper drilling may discover higher-grade centers, with drill permitting for the southern anomaly and additional geophysics expected to vector toward stronger mineralization, and that Copper Quest may earn up to an 80% interest by funding staged exploration; that Thane remains a strategically significant asset with potential future joint ventures, staged systematic drilling, or participation in a district consolidation scenario; that the contiguity of Stars and Stellar, and regional proximity to infrastructure and operations such as Huckleberry, could enable hub-and-spoke development scenarios where processing at an existing mill could reduce capital and timelines, and that Copper Quest's projects could be prime strategic targets in any regional consolidation; that Copper Quest has entered into a confidential LOI to acquire a U.S. copper-gold porphyry project, with news expected soon, which could position the company in a second tierone jurisdiction and broaden its North American profile; that multiple catalysts ahead in 2025-2026 may drive value creation; that global copper demand may accelerate with electrification, Aldriven data centers, grid expansion, EV adoption, renewable power buildout, and rising military spending, while supply constraints, project scarcity, and potential M&A could support copper prices and valuations; that disruptions at major operations and grade declines could tighten supply; that third-party outlooks, including demand growth forecasts to 2050 and commentary on electricity use by Al/data centers, imply potential positive market dynamics that may benefit copper and copper exploration, development and mining projects; and that management will be able to discover, finance, develop, and monetize assets, raise capital on

acceptable terms, attract strategic partners, and execute exploration programs as planned.

Such statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements.

There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements.

Risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

<u>Permitting</u> and <u>Approvals</u>: Copper Quest may not obtain all necessary governmental, regulatory, contractual, board, shareholder, Indigenous, or third-party approvals in a timely manner or at all

Market Risks: Adequate buyers, partners, or acquirers for Copper Quest's copper, gold, silver, or molybdenum resources may not be secured; demand projections for copper related to electrification, Al data centers, EV adoption, renewable energy, and defense applications may not materialize as expected.

<u>Technical Risks</u>: Exploration drilling may not confirm mineral grades, continuity, or thickness consistent with previous results; historical data may not be reliable or indicative of future economic viability; metallurgical recoveries may be lower than expected.

Geology and Resource Risks: The geological characteristics of Copper Quest's projects (Stars, Stellar, Rip, Thane, or potential acquisitions) may differ from current interpretations; resource size, grade, and distribution may not match expectations; even if resources are defined, they may not prove suitable for economic extraction or development.

Operational Risks: Difficulties in exploration, drilling, geophysics, construction, or processing could increase costs or cause delays;



infrastructure challenges such as access roads, power supply, or camp logistics may hinder development.

<u>Financing Risks</u>: Required capital expenditures for exploration and project advancement may exceed estimates; financing may not be available on reasonable terms, or at all, which could delay or prevent development.

Geopolitical and Regulatory Risks: Legislative, political, social, or economic developments in Canada, the U.S., or other jurisdictions may hinder progress or add costs; agreements with governments, First Nations, or local communities may not be reached or maintained.

<u>Human Capital Risks</u>: Copper Quest may not be able to retain or attract key employees, advisors, contractors, or technical partners needed to execute its exploration and corporate strategy.

<u>Commodity Price Risks</u>: Prices for copper, gold, silver, and molybdenum may fluctuate and may not be sufficient to support profitable development or attract financing.

<u>Comparability Risks</u>: What appear to be similarities with other successful porphyry copper projects in British Columbia or elsewhere may not be substantially comparable in geology, costs, recoveries, or economics.

Environmental and ESG Risks: Environmental opposition, stricter permitting requirements, or evolving ESG standards could delay or prevent exploration and development; failure to comply with sustainability standards could limit financing, partnerships, or investor interest.

Offtake and Counterparty Risks: Potential offtake agreements, joint ventures, or partnerships may not be secured; counterparties may fail to perform or may renegotiate terms under adverse market conditions.

<u>Currency and Macroeconomic Risks</u>: Fluctuations in the Canadian Dollar relative to the US Dollar and other currencies may affect capital and operating costs; inflation, interest rate shifts, or global economic downturns could weaken project economics and investor appetite.

<u>Timing Risks</u>: Project milestones, permitting, drilling campaigns, exploration results, or potential transactions may take longer than anticipated, leading to delays in advancement and value creation.

Force Majeure / Natural Events Risks: Extreme weather, wildfires, flooding, earthquakes, pandemics, or other uncontrollable events could disrupt exploration, logistics, or operations in remote project areas.

Logistics and Infrastructure Risks: Project success relies on dependable road access, power supply, and regional infrastructure (e.g. processing facilities, mills, and transmission lines); delays, failures, or cost overruns in infrastructure development could materially impact timelines and economics.

Third-Party Information Risks: Certain information contained in this report, including market data, industry statistics, and third-party commentary, has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but has not been independently verified. Rockstone and the author make no representation or warranty as to its accuracy, completeness, or reliability.

Liquidity and Trading Risks: Securities of small-cap issuers such as Copper Quest often involve a high degree of risk and may be subject to volatility, limited trading liquidity, wide bid/ask spreads, and potential loss of invested capital. Investors should be prepared to bear the risk of illiquidity and price fluctuations.

Statements herein assume the availability of financing, successful permitting, exploration results that validate historical data, continued favorable commodity pricing, and supportive regulatory and social conditions.

There can be no assurance that these assumptions will prove accurate.

Caution to Readers: Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. Actual results may differ materially due to the risks and uncertainties described above and in Copper Quest's public disclosure. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information.

Note that mineral grades and mineralization described in similar rocks and deposits on other properties are not representative of the mineralization on Copper Quest's properties, and historical work and activities on its properties have not been verified and should not be relied upon.

Mineralization outside of Copper Quest's projects is no guarantee for mineralization on the properties from Copper Quest, and all of Copper Quest's projects are exploration projects.

Also note that surface sampling does not necessarily correlate to grades that might be found in drilling but solely shows the potential for minerals to be found at depth through drilling below the surface sampling anomalies.

# DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST AND ADVISORY CAUTIONS

Nothing in this report should be construed as a solicitation to buy or sell any securities mentioned.

Rockstone, its owners and the author of this report are not registered broker-dealers or financial advisors.

Before investing in any securities, you should consult with your financial advisor and a registered broker-dealer.

Never make an investment based solely on what you read in an online or printed report, including Rockstone's report, especially if the investment involves a small, thinly-traded company that isn't well known.

The author of this report, Stephan Bogner, is paid by Zimtu Capital Corp. ("Zimtu"), a TSX Venture Exchange listed investment company. Part of the



author's responsibilities at Zimtu is to research and report on companies in which Zimtu has an investment.

So while the author of this report is not paid directly by Copper Quest Exploration Inc. ("Copper Quest"), the author's employer Zimtu Capital Corp. will benefit from volume and appreciation of Copper Quests stock prices.

Copper Quest pays Zimtu Capital Corp. to provide this report and other services. As per news on August 27, 2025: "Copper Quest Exploration Inc. (CSE: CQX; OTCQB: IMIMF; FRA: 3MX) ("Copper Quest" or the "Company") is pleased to announce that it has signed an agreement with Zimtu Capital Corp. (TSX.V: ZC) (FSE: ZCT1) ("Zimtu") whereby Zimtu will provide marketing services under its ZimtuADVANTAGE (https://www.zimtu.com/ program zimtu-advantage/), effective September 1, 2025 for an initial term of 12 months at a cost of \$12,500 per month. Marketing Agreement: The ZimtuADVANTAGE program is designed to provide opportunities, guidance, marketing and assistance. Services include investor presentations, email marketing, lead generation campaigns, blog posts, digital campaigns, social media management, Rockstone Research reports distribution, video news releases and related marketing & awareness activities. Zimtu is based in Vancouver. at Suite 1450 - 789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 1H2. Zimtu may be reached at 604.681.1568, or info@zimtu. com. Zimtu's compensation does not include securities of the Company; as of the date hereof, Zimtu owns 2,633,333 shares of the Company and 2,333,333 warrants to acquire common shares of the Company."

The author owns equity of Copper Quest and thus will profit from volume and price appreciation of the stock. This also represents a significant conflict of interest that may affect the objectivity of this reporting.

The author may buy or sell securities of Copper Quest (or comparable companies) at any time without notice,

which may give rise to additional conflicts of interest.

Overall, multiple conflicts of interests exist.

Therefore, the information provided in this report should not be construed as a financial analysis or recommendation but as an advertisement.

This report should be understood as a promotional publication and does not replace individual investment advice.

Rockstone's and the author's views and opinions regarding the companies that are featured in the reports are the author's own views and are based on information that was received or found in the public domain, which is assumed to be reliable.

Rockstone and the author have not undertaken independent due diligence of the information received or found in the public domain.

Rockstone and the author of this report do not guarantee the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any content of this report, nor its fitness for any particular purpose.

Lastly, Rockstone and the author do not guarantee that any of the companies mentioned in the report will perform as expected, and any comparisons that were made to other companies may not be valid or come into effect.

Please read the entire disclaimer carefully. If you do not agree to all of the Disclaimer, do not access this website or any of its pages including this report in form of a PDF. By using this website and/or report, and whether or not you actually read the Disclaimer, you are deemed to have accepted it.

Information provided is educational and general in nature.

Data, tables, figures and pictures, if not labeled or hyperlinked otherwise, have been obtained from Copper Quest Exploration Inc., Tradingview, Stockwatch, and the public domain.

#### **Author Profile & Contact**

Stephan Bogner (Dipl. Kfm., FH) Rockstone Research 8260 Stein am Rhein, Switzerland Phone: +41 44 5862323

Email: sb@rockstone-research.com



Stephan Bogner studied Economics, with specialization in Finance & Asset Management, Production & Operations, and Entrepreneurship & International Law, at the

International School of Management (Dortmund, Germany), the European Business School (London, UK) and the University of Queensland (Brisbane, Australia). Under Prof. Dr. Hans J. Bocker, Stephan completed his diploma thesis ("Gold In A Macroeconomic Context With Special Consideration Of The Price Formation Process") in 2002. A year later, he marketed and translated into German Ferdinand Lips' bestseller "Gold Wars". After working in Dubai's commodity markets for 5 years, he now lives in Switzerland and is the CEO of Elementum International AG specialized in the storage of gold and silver bullion in a high-security vaulting facility within the St. Gotthard Mountain in central Switzerland.

Rockstone Research is specialized in capital markets and publicly listed companies. The focus is set on exploration, development, and production of resource deposits, as well as technology ventures. Through the publication of basic geological, technological, and stock market knowledge, the individual company and sector reports receive a background in order for the reader to be inspired to conduct further due diligence and to consult with a financial advisor.

All Rockstone reports are being made accessible free of charge, whereas it is always to be construed as non-binding research addressed solely to a readership that is knowledgeable about the risks, experienced with stock markets, and acting on one's own responsibility.

For more information and sign-up for free email newsletter, please visit: www.rockstone-research.com







